

Listing of the FBH HBT Model

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Linear Part of the Model and node names

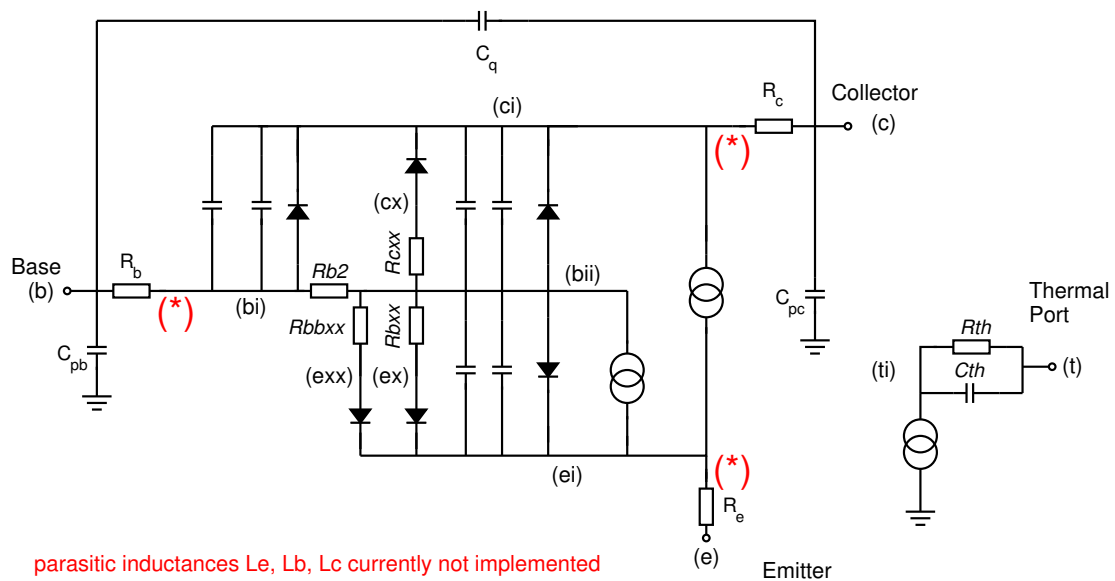


Figure 1: Equivalent circuit with node names.

/*

FBH_HBT model version 2.1.20050728

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Model documentation:

www.fbh-berlin.de/modeling.html
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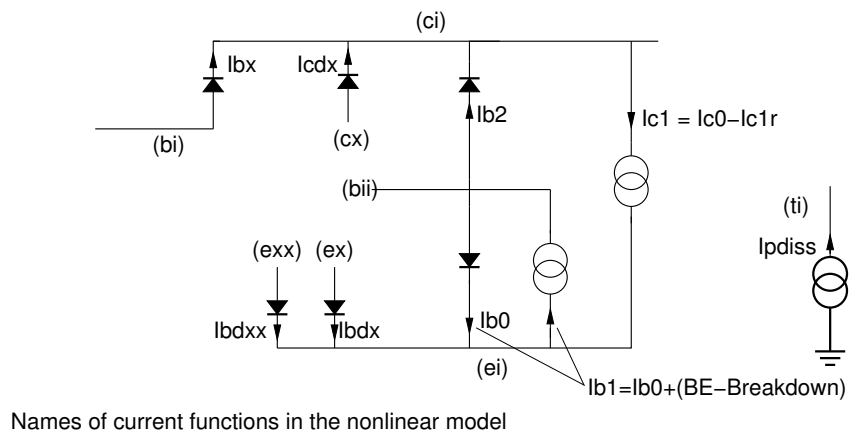


Figure 2: Current sources of nonlinear subcircuit.

```

*/
25 `include "disciplines.vams"
`include "constants.vams"

`define STDTEMP 20.0
`define KDURCHQ 0.861708692e-4
30 `define FOUR_K (4 * 1.3806226e-23)
`define TWO_Q (2 * 1.6021918e-19)

`define sqr(x) (x*x)
35 // begin of FBH HBT model
module HBT_Xb(c,b,e,t);

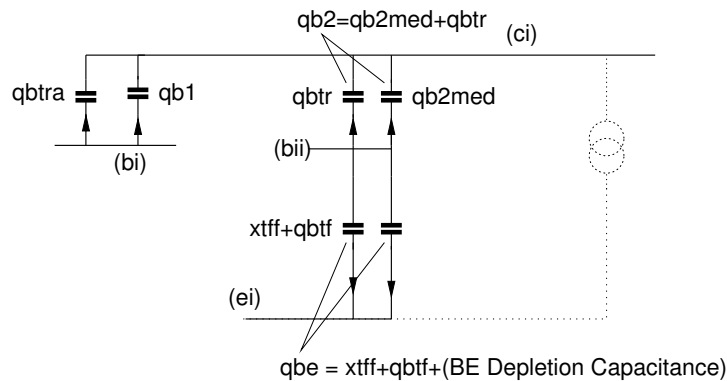
//external nodes
40 inout e,b,c,t;
electrical e,b,c,t;

//internal nodes
electrical ei, bi, bii, ci, ti, ex, exx, cx, ni, nii;
45 //model parameters
parameter integer Mode = 1 from [0:4]; // Ignored
parameter integer Noise = 1 from [0:4]; // Ignored
parameter integer Debug = 0 from [0:inf); // Ignored
50 parameter integer DebugPlus = 0 from [0:inf); // Ignored

parameter real temp = 25.0 from [-273.15:inf);
// Device operating temperature, Celsius
parameter real Rth = 0.1 from [0.0:inf);
55 // Thermal resistance, K/W
parameter real Cth = 700n from [0.0:inf);
// Thermal capacitance

parameter integer N = 1 from (0:inf);
60 // Scaling factor, number of emitter fingers

```



Names of charge functions in the nonlinear model

Figure 3: Charge sources of nonlinear subcircuit.

```

parameter real L = 30u    from (0.0:inf);
  // Length of emitter finger, m
parameter real W = 3u    from (0.0:inf);
  // Width of emitter finger, m
65
parameter real Jsf = 20e-24 from [0.0:inf);
  // Forward saturation current density, A/um^2
parameter real nf = 1.0    from [0.0:inf);
  // Forward current emission coefficient
70 parameter real Vg = 1.3    from [-2.0:inf);
  // Forward thermal activation energy, V,
  // (0 == disables temperature dependence)

parameter real Jse = 0.0    from [0.0:inf);
75 // B-E leakage saturation current density, A/um^2
parameter real ne = 0.0    from [0.0:inf);
  // B-E leakage emission coefficient
parameter real Rbxx = 1e6    from (0.0:inf);
  // Limiting resistor of B-E leakage diode, Ohm
80 parameter real Vgb = 0.0    from [0.0:inf);
  // B-E leakage thermal activation energy, V,
  // (0 == disables temperature dependence)

parameter real Jsee = 0.0    from [0.0:inf);
85 // 2nd B-E leakage saturation current density, A/um^2
parameter real nee = 0.0    from [0.0:inf);
  // 2nd B-E leakage emission coefficient
parameter real Rbbxx = 1e6    from (0.0:inf);
  // 2nd Limiting resistor of B-E leakage diode, Ohm
90 parameter real Vgbb = 0.0    from [0.0:inf);
  // 2nd B-E leakage thermal activation energy, V,
  // (0 == disables temperature dependence)

parameter real Jsr = 20e-18 from [0.0:inf);
95 // Reverse saturation current density, A/um^2
parameter real nr = 1.0    from [0.0:inf);
  // Reverse current emission coefficient
parameter real Vgr = 0.0    from [0.0:inf);

```

```

    // Reverse thermal activation energy, V,
100 // (0 == disables temperature dependence)
    parameter real XCjc = 0.5    from [0.0:1.0];
    // Fraction of Cjc that goes to internal base node

    parameter real Jsc = 0.0    from [0.0:inf);
105 // B-C leakage saturation current density, A/um^2
    // (0. switches off diode)
    parameter real nc = 0.0    from [0.0:inf);
    // B-C leakage emission coefficient (0. switches off diode)
    parameter real Rcxx = 1e6    from (0.0:inf);
110 // Limiting resistor of B-C leakage diode, Ohm
    parameter real Vgc = 0.0    from [0.0:inf);
    // B-C leakage thermal activation energy, V,
    // (0 == disables temperature dependence)

115 parameter real Bf = 100.0    from [0.0:inf);
    // Ideal forward beta
    parameter real kBeta= 0.0    from [0.0:inf);
    // Temperature coefficient of forward current gain, -1/K,
    // (0 == disables temperature dependence)
120 parameter real Br = 1.0    from [0.0:inf);
    // Ideal reverse beta

    parameter real VAF = 0.0    from [0.0:inf);
    // Forward Early voltage, V, (0 == disables Early Effect)
125 parameter real VAR = 0.0    from [0.0:inf);
    // Reverse Early voltage, V, (0 == disables Early Effect)

    parameter real IKF = 0.0    from [0.0:inf);
    // Forward high-injection knee current, A,
130 // (0 == disables Webster Effect)
    parameter real IKR = 0.0    from [0.0:inf);
    // Reverse high-injection knee current, A,
    // (0 == disables Webster Effect)

135 parameter real Mc = 0.0    from [0.0:inf);
    // C-E breakdown exponent, (0 == disables collector break-down)
    parameter real BVceo= 0.0    from [0.0:inf);
    // C-E breakdown voltage, V, (0 == disables collector break-down)
    parameter real kc = 0.0    from [0.0:inf);
140 // C-E breakdown factor, (0 == disables collector break-down)

    parameter real BVebo= 0.0    from [0.0:inf);
    // B-E breakdown voltage, V, (0 == disables emitter break-down)

145 parameter real Tr = 1f    from [0.0:inf);
    // Ideal reverse transit time, s
    parameter real Trx = 1f    from [0.0:inf);
    // Extrinsic BC diffusion capacitance, s
    parameter real Tf = 1p    from [0.0:inf);
150 // Ideal forward transit time, s
    parameter real Tft = 0.0    from [0.0:inf);
    // Temperature coefficient of forward transit time
    parameter real Thcs = 0.0    from [0.0:inf);
    // Excess transit time coefficient at base push-out
155 parameter real Ahc = 0.0    from [0.0:inf);
    // Smoothing parameter for Thcs

    parameter real Cje = 1f    from [0.0:inf);
    // B-E zero-bias depletion capacitance, F/um^2
160 parameter real mje = 0.5    from [0.0:1);
    // B-E junction exponential factor

```

```

parameter real Vje = 1.3    from [0.0:inf);
    // B-E junction built-in potential, V

165 parameter real Cjc = 1f    from [0.0:inf);
    // B-C zero-bias depletion capacitance, F/um^2
parameter real mjc = 0.5    from [0.0:inf);
    // B-C junction exponential factor
parameter real Vjc = 1.3    from [0.0:inf);
170 // B-C junction built-in potential, V
parameter real kjc = 1.0    from (-inf:inf);
    // not used
parameter real Cmin = 0.1f   from [0.0:inf);
    // Minimum B-C depletion capacitance (Vbc dependence), F/um^2

175
parameter real J0    = 1e-3   from [0.0:inf);
    // Collector current where Cbc reaches Cmin, A/um^2
    // (0 == disables Cbc reduction)
parameter real XJ0  = 1.0    from [0.0:1.0];
180 // Fraction of Cmin, lower limit of BC capacitance (Ic dependence)
parameter real Rci0 = 1e-3   from (0.0:inf);
    // Onset of base push-out at low voltages, Ohm*um^2
    // (0 == disables base push-out)
parameter real Jk   = 4e-4   from [0.0:inf);
185 // Onset of base push-out at high voltages, A/um^2,
    // (0 == disables base push-out)
parameter real RJk  = 1e-3   from [0.0:inf);
    // Slope of Jk at high currents , Ohm*um^2
parameter real Vces = 1e-3   from [0.0:inf);
190 // Voltage shift of base push-out onset, V

parameter real Rc = 1.0    from (0.0:inf);
    // Collector resistance, Ohm/finger
parameter real Re = 1.0    from (0.0:inf);
195 // Emitter resistance, Ohm/finger
parameter real Rb = 1.0    from (0.0:inf);
    // Extrinsic base resistance, Ohm/finger
parameter real Rb2 = 1.0    from (0.0:inf);
    // Inner Base ohmic resistance, Ohm/finger

200
parameter real Lc = 0.0    from [0.0:inf);
    // Collector inductance, H --- not yet implemented
parameter real Le = 0.0    from [0.0:inf);
    // Emitter inductance, H --- not yet implemented
205 parameter real Lb = 0.0    from [0.0:inf);
    // Base inductance, H --- not yet implemented

parameter real Cq = 0.0    from [0.0:inf);
    // Extrinsic B-C capacitance, F
210 parameter real Cpb = 0.0    from [0.0:inf);
    // Extrinsic base capacitance, F
parameter real Cpc = 0.0    from [0.0:inf);
    // Extrinsic collector capacitance, F

215 parameter real Kfb = 0.0    from [0.0:inf);
    // Flicker-noise coefficient
parameter real Afb = 0.0    from [0.0:inf);
    // Flicker-noise exponent
parameter real Ffeb = 0.0    from [0.0:inf);
220 // Flicker-noise frequency exponent
parameter real Kb = 0.0    from [0.0:inf);
    // Burst noise coefficient
parameter real Ab = 0.0    from [0.0:inf);
    // Burst noise exponent

```

```

225 parameter real Fb = 0.0    from (0.0:inf);
    // Burst noise corner frequency, Hz
parameter real Kfe = 0.0    from [0.0:inf);
    // Flicker-noise coefficient
parameter real Afe = 0.0    from [0.0:inf);
230 // Flicker-noise exponent
parameter real Ffee = 0.0   from [0.0:inf);
    // Flicker-noise frequency exponent

parameter real Tnom = 20.0   from [-273.15:inf);
235 // Ambient temperature at which the parameters were determined

// general functions
//
// kT/Q
240 analog function real Vth;
    input TT;
    real TT, KDURCHQ;
    begin
        KDURCHQ=0.861708692e-4;
245
        Vth = KDURCHQ*(TT +273.15);

    end
endfunction

250 // safe exponential function
analog function real exp_soft;
    input x;
    real x, maxexp, maxarg;
255 begin

        maxexp = 1.0e25;
        maxarg = ln(maxexp);
        if (x < maxarg) begin
260             exp_soft = exp(x);
        end
        else begin
            exp_soft = (x+1.0-maxarg)*(maxexp);
        end
    end
endfunction

// limited internal Voltage
analog function real Vt;
    input U, Ud;
270 real U, Ud, Vch, VF;
    begin
        Vch = 0.1 * Ud;
        VF = 0.9 * Ud; // we fix this value for simplicity.

275
        if (U < VF)
            Vt = U - Vch * ln(1.0 + exp((U-VF)/Vch));
        else
            Vt = VF - Vch * ln(1.0 + exp((VF-U)/Vch));
        end
    end
280 endfunction

// diode function
analog function real diode;
    input U, Is, Ug, N, AREA, TJ, TNOM;
285 real U, Is, Ug, N, AREA, TJ, TNOM, VTH0, VTHJ, VTHNOM, maxi,
        Tmax, TJM, KDURCHQ, lnIs;
    begin

```

```

VTH0=Vth(20.0);
VTHNOM=Vth(TNOM);
KDURCHQ = 0.861708692e-4;
lnIs=ln(Is*AREA);

maxi=ln(1e6);
if ((maxi<(Ug/VTHNOM)) && (U < 0.0))
  begin
    Tmax= Ug*VTHNOM/((Ug - maxi*VTHNOM)*KDURCHQ) - 273.15;
    TJM=Vt(TJ,Tmax);
  end
else
  begin
    TJM=TJ;
  end
VTHJ = Vth(TJM);

if (Ug > 0.0) begin
  diode = exp_soft(U/(N*VTHJ) + Ug/VTHNOM - Ug/VTHJ + lnIs) -
    exp_soft(Ug/VTHNOM - Ug/VTHJ + lnIs);
end
else begin
  diode = exp_soft(U/(N*(VTH0)) + lnIs) - Is*AREA;
end
end
endfunction

// CE-breakdown function
analog function real MM;
  input VBCCI, VCBO, MC, VCBLIN, BF, KC;
  real VBCCI, VCBO, MC, VCBLIN, BF, KC;
real FBD, vcbi;
begin

  if((KC > 0.0) && (MC > 0.0) && (VCBO > 0.0)) begin
    vcbi = VBCCI;
    FBD = VCBLIN/VCBO;
    if(VBCCI > 0.0)
      MM = 1.0;
    else if(VBCCI > (-VCBLIN)) begin
      if (MC==1)
        MM = 1.0/(1.0 - (vcbi/(-VCBO)));
      else
        MM = 1.0/(1.0 - pow(vcbi/(-VCBO),MC));
      end
    else if(VBCCI <= (-VCBLIN)) begin
      if (MC==1) begin
        MM = 1.0/(1.0 - FBD) - 1.0/VCBO *
          1.0/pow(1.0 - FBD,2.0) * (vcbi + FBD*VCBO);
      end
      else begin
        MM = 1.0/(1.0 - pow(FBD,MC)) - MC/VCBO *
          pow(FBD,MC-1.0)/pow(1.0 -
            pow(FBD,MC),2.0) * (vcbi + FBD*VCBO);
      end
    end
  end
end
else
  MM = 1.0;
end
endfunction

```

```

// Depletion Charge
analog function real charge;
  input U, C0, Ud, m, Area;
355  real U, C0, Ud, m, Area, Vj, Vjo, VF;
  begin
    Vj = Vt(U,Ud);
    Vjo = Vt(0.0,Ud);
    VF = 0.9 * Ud; // we fix this value for simplicity.
360
    if(m==1.0) begin
      charge = Area*(C0)*
        ( Ud*( ln(1.0 - Vjo/Ud) -
          ln(1.0 - Vj/Ud)
365          ) +
          1.0/(1.0 - VF/Ud) * (U - Vj + Vjo));
    end
    else begin
      charge = Area*(C0)*
370      ( (Ud/(1.0-m))*( pow(1.0 - Vjo/Ud , 1.0-m) -
          pow(1.0 - Vj/Ud , 1.0-m)
          ) +
          pow(1.0 - VF/Ud,-m) * (U - Vj + Vjo) -
          Ud*(1.0/(1.0-m)));
375    end
  end
endfunction

380 // limited internal Voltage
analog function real Vceff;
  input U, VCES;
  real U, VCES, Vth0;
  begin
385  Vth0 = 0.025;

  if (U < VCES)
    Vceff = Vth0 + Vth0 * ln(1.0 + exp((U-VCES)/Vth0 - 1.0));
  else
390  Vceff = (U-VCES) + Vth0 * ln(1.0 + exp(1.0-(U-VCES)/Vth0));
  end
endfunction

// Current for Onset of Kirk effect
395 analog function real ICK;
  input U, RCI0, VLIM, InvVPT, VCES;
  real U, RCI0, VLIM, InvVPT, VCES, VC, x;
  begin
    VC = Vceff(U,VCES);
400  x = (VC - VLIM)*InvVPT;
    ICK = VC/RCI0 * (1.0/sqrt(1.0 + (VC/VLIM)*(VC/VLIM)))*
      (1.0 + (x + sqrt((x*x)+0.001))/2.0);
  end
endfunction
405

//local variables
real vbcx, vbci, vbei, vxe, vxxe, vxc, vcei;
410 real Ic0, Ic, Ic1, Iclr, Ib2, Ibx,
  Ib0, Ibdx, Icdx, Ibdxx, Ib1, Ic0a, Iclra,
  Ipdiss, Ik, eps, IcIk;
real qb2;

```



```

real qb2x, qb2med, qb1, xfff, qbe, qbtr,
415 qbtra, qbtff;
real EdBeta, mm;
real epsi, Vbclin;
real Texi, Tex, Tj, TjK, Area;
real RCIO, AHC, Ih, Wh, Vlim, InvVpt, q1, q2, qb, I00;
420 real xix;
real FOUR_K, TWO_Q ;

analog begin
425
    //
    // begin of model equations
    //
    // Port Voltages
430 vbcx = V(bi,ci);
    vbci = V(bii,ci);
    vbei = V(bii,ei);
    vxe = V(ex,ei);
    vxc = V(cx,ci);
435 vxxe = V(exx,ei);
    vcei = V(ci,ei);

    Texi = V(ti);
    Tj = Texi + temp; // Junction temperature
440 TjK = Tj+273.15; // Junction temperature in K
    Tex = Tj - Tnom; // Temperature difference to reference

    Area = L*W*(1.0e12) * N; // Transistor area in um^2

445 FOUR_K = 4 * 1.3806226e-23; // 4 k for noise
    TWO_Q = 2 * 1.6021918e-19; // 2 q for noise

    //
    // Nonlinear Part --- Current Sources
450 //
    // Collector Currents

    Ic0a = diode(vbei,Jsfc,Vg,nf,Area,Tj,Tnom);
    Ic1ra = diode(vbci,XCjc*Jsfc,Vgr,nr,Area,Tj,Tnom);
455

    // Early-Effect borrowed from VBIC
    if((VAF >0.0) && (VAR >0.0)) begin
        q1 = (1.0 + (charge(vbei,1.0,Vje,mje,1.0)-
            charge(0.0,1.0,Vje,mje,1.0))/VAR +
460 (charge(vbci,1.0,Vjc,mjc,1.0)-
            charge(0.0,1.0,Vjc,mjc,1.0))/VAF);
    end
    else if((VAF >0.0) && (VAR == 0.0)) begin
        q1 = (1.0 + (charge(vbci,1.0,Vjc,mjc,1.0)-
465 charge(0.0,1.0,Vjc,mjc,1.0))/VAF);
    end
    else if((VAF ==0.0) && (VAR > 0.0)) begin
        q1 = (1.0 + (charge(vbei,1.0,Vje,mje,1.0)-
            charge(0.0,1.0,Vje,mje,1.0))/VAR);
470 end
    else begin
        q1 = 1.0;
    end

475 // Webster Effect borrowed from VBIC
    if((IKF > 0.0) && (IKR > 0.0)) begin

```

```

        q2 = Ic0a/(Area*IKF) + Iclra/(Area*IKR);
    end
    else if((IKF > 0.0) && (IKR == 0.0)) begin
480     q2 = Ic0a/(Area*IKF);
    end
    else if((IKF == 0.0) && (IKR > 0.0)) begin
        q2 = Iclra/(Area*IKR);
    end
485     else begin
        q2 = 0.0;
    end

    qb = (q1 + sqrt((q1*q1) + 4.0 * q2))/2.0;
490
    Ic0 = Ic0a/qb;
    Iclr= Iclra/qb;
    Icl = (Ic0 - Iclr);

495     Ib2 = diode(vbci,XCjc*Jsrr,Vgr,nr,Area,Tj,Tnom)/(Br);
    Ibx = diode(vbcx,(1.0-XCjc)*Jsrr,Vgr,nr,Area,Tj,Tnom)/(Br);

    // Base Currents

500     epsi = 1.0e-6;
    Vbclin = BVceo * pow(1.0 - epsi , 1/Mc);

    mm = MM(vbci, BVceo, Mc, Vbclin, Bf, kc);

505     if(mm >1.0) begin
        if(kBeta > 0.0) begin
            if((Bf - kBeta*Tex) > 1e-6) begin
                EdBeta = (1/(Bf - kBeta*Tex) -
                    kc*(mm - 1)) / (kc*(mm - 1) + 1);
510            end
            else begin
                EdBeta = (1e6 - kc*(mm - 1))/(kc*(mm - 1)+1);
            end
        end
        else begin
515            EdBeta = (1/(Bf) - kc*(mm - 1))/(kc*(mm - 1)+1);
        end
    end
    else begin
520        if(kBeta > 0.0) begin
            if((Bf - kBeta*Tex) > 1e-6) begin
                EdBeta = (1/(Bf - kBeta*Tex));
            end
            else begin
525                EdBeta = (1e6 );
            end
        end
        else begin
            EdBeta = (1/(Bf) );
530        end
    end
    end

    Ib0 = Ic0a * EdBeta;

535 // no Break-Down
    if (BVebo>0) begin
        Ib1 = Ib0 -
            diode((-BVebo - vbei), Jsrf, 0.0, 1.0, Area, 0.0, 0.0);
    end else

```

```

540     Ib1 = Ib0;

    // Emitter Currents
    if((Jse>0.0) && (ne>0))
        Ibdx = diode(vxe,Jse,Vgb,ne,Area,Tj,Tnom);
545  else
        Ibdx = vxe*1e-12;

    if((Jsee>0.0) && (nee>0))
        Ibdxx = diode(vxxe,Jsee,Vgbb,nee,Area,Tj,Tnom);
550  else
        Ibdxx = vxxe*1e-12;

    if((Jsc>0.0) && (nc>0))
        Icdx = diode(vxc,Jsc,Vgc,nc,Area,Tj,Tnom);
555  else
        Icdx = vxc * 1e-12;

    // Dissipated Power
    Ipdiss = (Ic1 * (vcei)) + (Ib1 * (vbei)) +
560         (Ib2 * vbci) + (Ibx * vbcx);

    if (Ipdiss < 0.0)
        Ipdiss = 0;

565  //
    // Nonlinear Part --- Charge Sources
    //

    // qb2med: Base-Collector-Capacitance at medium currents
570  I00=(J0*Area);

    // qb2med: Base-Collector-Capacitance at medium currents
    if ((XCjc < 1.0) && (XCjc > 0.0)) begin
575  if ((J0<=0.0) || (Ic0<0.0)) begin
        // Qbc independent of current C = Cjc
        qb2med = XCjc * charge(vbci,(Cjc-Cmin),Vjc,mjc,Area) +
            XCjc * Area * Cmin * vbci;
    end
580  else begin
        // C = (1-(2 Ic/I0))/(1+(Ic0/Ia00)^2)*Cjc

        xix = Ic0/I00;

585  qb2med = XCjc * (1.0 - tanh( xix )) *
            (charge(vbci,(Cjc-Cmin),Vjc,mjc,Area) +
            (1.0-XJ0) * Area * Cmin*vbci) +
            XJ0 * XCjc * Area * Cmin*vbci;
    end
590  end
    else begin
        // if XCjc not within (0,1), sets extrinsic capacitance to zero
        if ((J0<0.0) || (Ic0<0.0)) begin
            // Qbc independent of current C = Cjc
595  qb2med = charge(vbci,(Cjc-Cmin),Vjc,mjc,Area) +
            Area * Cmin*vbci;
        end
        else begin
            // C = (1-(2 Ic/I0))/(1+(Ic0/Ia00)^2)*Cjc
600  xix = Ic0/I00;

```

```

        qb2med = (1.0 - tanh( xix )) *
                (charge(vbci,(Cjc-Cmin),Vjc,mjc,Area) +
605                (1.0 - XJ0)*Area * Cmin*vbci) +
                XJ0*Area * Cmin*vbci;

        end
    end
610
    // qb1: Cex
    if ((XCjc < 1.0) && (XCjc > 0.0)) begin
        qb1 = (1.0-XCjc) * charge(vbcx,(Cjc-Cmin),Vjc,mjc,Area) +
            (1.0-XCjc) * Area * Cmin* vbcx;
615    end
    else begin
        qb1 = 0.0;
    end

620 // qbtr: Tfr*Ic
    qbtr = Tr * Iclr;
    qbtra = Trx * Ibx;

    // qb2: Cbc
625 qb2 = qb2med + qbtr;

    // Base push-out borrowed from HICUM

    if ((Jk > 0.0) && (Rci0 > 0.0)) begin
630        if (RJk > 0.0) begin
            Vlim = Jk * Rci0 / (1.0 - Rci0/RJk);
            InvVpt = (1.0 - Rci0/RJk)/(Jk*RJk);
        end
        else begin
635            Vlim = Jk * Rci0 / (1.016);
            InvVpt = 0.0;
        end
    end

    if ((Thcs>0.0) && (Ahc>0.0) && (Jk>0.0) && (Ic0>0.0)) begin
640        RCIO = Rci0/Area;
        AHC = Area*Ahc;
        if ((Rci0<RJk) || (RJk <= 0.0))
            begin
645            Ih = 1.0 - ICK(vcei, RCIO, Vlim, InvVpt, Vces)/Ic0;
            end
        else
            begin
650            Ih = 1.0 - Vceff(vcei,Vces)/(RCIO*Ic0);
            end
        Wh = ((Ih + sqrt((Ih*Ih)+AHC)))/(1.0 + sqrt(1.0+AHC));
        xtff = Thcs * Ic0 *(Wh*Wh);
    end
    else begin
655        xtff = 0;
    end

    // diffusion capacitance
    qbtf = (Tf + Tft * Tex) * Ic0;
660

    // total capacitance
    qbe = xtff + qbtf + charge(vbei, Cje, Vje, mje, Area);

    //
665 // Deliver Branch currents

```

```

//

// Noise branch to generate a correlation

670 // nonlinear part
I(bi, ci) <+ Ibx + ddt(qb1 + qbtra);
I(bii,ci) <+ Ib2 + ddt(qb2);
I(bii,ei) <+ Ib1 + ddt(qbe);
I(ci, ei) <+ Ic1;

675
I(ex ,ei) <+ Ibdx;
I(exx,ei) <+ Ibdxx;
I(cx ,ci) <+ Icdx;

680 // shot noise
I(bii,ei) <+ white_noise( (TWO_Q *Ib1), "Ib");
I(ni) <+ V(ni) + white_noise( (TWO_Q *Ic0), "Ic");
// collector noise; dummy node to generate correlation
I(bii,ei) <+ V(ni);
685 I(bii,ci) <+ (-absdelay(V(ni),Tf));

// low-frequency noise
I(e, ei) <+ flicker_noise(Kfe* pow(Ib1,Afe) , Ffee,
"Hooge_noise_of_emitter_resistance");
690 I(nii) <+ V(nii) + ddt(V(nii)/(2.0*3.1415*Fb)) +
white_noise( Kb*pow(Ib1,Ab));
// be-noise; dummy node to generate Lorentz spectrum
I(bii,ei) <+ V(nii) + flicker_noise(Kfb* pow(Ib1,Afb) , Ffeb,
"Flicker_noise_base-emitter_junction_(a)");

695 // linear part
I(b, bi) <+ V(b, bi)/(Rb/N) +
white_noise( (FOUR_K*TjK)/(Rb/N), "thermal" );
I(e, ei) <+ V(e, ei)/(Re/N) +
700 white_noise( (FOUR_K*TjK)/(Re/N), "thermal" );
I(c, ci) <+ V(c, ci)/(Rc/N) +
white_noise( (FOUR_K*TjK)/(Rc/N), "thermal" );
I(bii,bi) <+ V(bii, bi)/(Rb2/N)+
white_noise( (FOUR_K*TjK)/(Rb2/N), "thermal");

705 if((Jse>0.0) && (ne>0)) begin
I(ex, bii) <+ V(ex, bii)/(Rbxx/N) +
white_noise( (FOUR_K*TjK)/(Rbxx/N), "thermal");
end
710 else begin
I(ex, bii) <+ V(ex, bii)*1e-12;
end

if((Jsee>0.0) && (nee>0)) begin
715 I(exx,bii) <+ V(exx, bii)/(Rbbxx/N) +
white_noise( (FOUR_K*TjK)/(Rbbxx/N), "thermal");
end
else begin
I(exx, bii) <+ V(exx, bii)*1e-12;
720 end

if((Jsc>0.0) && (nc>0)) begin
I(cx, bii) <+ V(cx, bii)/(Rcxx/N) +
white_noise( (FOUR_K*TjK)/(Rcxx/N), "thermal");
725 end
else begin
I(cx, bii) <+ V(cx, bii)*1e-12;
end

```

```
730 I(b) <+ ddt(Cpb * V(b));
    I(c) <+ ddt(Cpc * V(c));
    I(b,c) <+ ddt(Cq * V(b,c));

    I(ti) <+ -Ipdiss;
735 if (Rth) begin
        I(t,ti) <+ V(t,ti) / Rth;
        I(t,ti) <+ Cth * ddt(V(t,ti));
    end
    else begin
740     I(t,ti) <+ V(t,ti) * 1e12;
    end

end
//
745 // end of model equations
//

endmodule
```