Voltage across the battery is V. It goes from 0 to Vdd in time say T. so the slope is  $\frac{Vdd}{T}$ Voltage across battery is  $\frac{Vdd}{T}t$ .

Energy supplied by battery is  $\int_0^T vidt = \int_0^T vc\frac{dv}{dt}dt = (\frac{Vdd}{T})^2c\int_0^T tdt = \frac{1}{2}CVdd^2$ This is actually the energy stored in the capacitor. if T tends to zero the result will remain the same

$$\int_0^T vidt = \int_0^T vc rac{dv}{dt} dt = (rac{Vdd}{T})^2 c \int_0^T tdt = rac{1}{2}CVdd^2$$

result will remain the same.

as anyway the voltage has to change from 0 to Vdd in zero seconds..